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Applicability: Individuals Applying For DDSN Services, DSN Boards, Contracted Service Providers, DDSN Regional Centers & Other Interested Parties

I. Introduction

The following Departmental Directive sets forth the policy, process and procedures used in the determination of eligibility for services and supports through the South Carolina Department of Disabilities and Special Needs (DDSN).

Criteria designated within South Carolina Code of Laws indicate seven (7) different categories of eligibility under the authority of DDSN:

Intellectual Disability;
A Related Disability to Intellectual Disability;
High Risk Infant;
Autism Spectrum Disorder;
Head Injury (i.e., traumatic brain injury);
Spinal Cord Injury, and Similar Disability.

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Some individuals may meet DDSN eligibility criteria under more than one (1) category. In such situations, DDSN will consider which DDSN division offers the most appropriate resources and service models to address the needs of the particular person and his/her family. Individuals with primarily medical conditions such as Diabetes, Hypertension, Stroke, Multiple Sclerosis, Parkinson's Disease, Cancer, etc., do not meet DDSN eligibility criteria under any category unless other qualifying conditions are met.

II. Criteria for Intellectual Disability

A. Definition

S.C. Code Ann. § 44-20-30 defines "Intellectual Disability" as significantly sub-average general intellectual functioning existing concurrently with deficits in adaptive behavior and manifested during the developmental period.

B. Diagnostic Criteria

DDSN evaluates referred individuals in accordance with the definition of Intellectual Disability outlined in the American Psychiatric Association's Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders-Fifth Edition, (DSM-5).

Intellectual Disability refers to substantial limitations in present functioning. Diagnosis of intellectual disability based on the DSM-5 definition requires the following three (3) criteria be met:

1. Significantly sub-average intellectual functioning; an IQ of approximately 70 or below on an individually administered intelligence test (for infants, a clinical judgment of significantly sub-average intellectual functioning);
2. Concurrent deficits in present overall adaptive functioning (i.e., the person's effectiveness in meeting the standards expected for his/her age by his/her cultural group) with deficits in at least two (2) of the following adaptive skills areas:
 - communication,
 - self-care,
 - home living,
 - social/interpersonal skills,
 - use of community resources,
 - self-direction,
 - functional academic skills,
 - work,
 - leisure,
 - health, and safety;
3. The onset of intellectual disability is during the developmental period.

There must be concurrent deficits in intellectual and adaptive functioning that fall approximately two (2) or more standard deviations below the mean on standardized measures (approximately 70 or below) in order to meet criteria for diagnosis of intellectual disability. However, a score of 70 on any intelligence and/or adaptive test does not equate to a diagnosis of intellectual disability.

DDSN relies on qualified providers to administer psychological testing to applicants. This includes testing conducted by school psychologists and other professionals who regularly administer psychological tests to persons with disabilities. The tests are then analyzed by the DDSN Consumer Assessment Team to determine if they are reliable and valid, and to determine whether they are consistent and congruent with other psychological tests, school records including academic achievement scores, placement in special education & Individualized Education Plan data, medical reports, psychiatric and mental health records, family history, and other pertinent information. In order to ensure the reliability and validity of the tests administered to applicants, only standardized measures are used to determine if criteria for intellectual disability are met. Therefore, DDSN maintains a list of all approved psychometric tests that must be used for eligibility purposes.

In the event that assessment results are unavailable or updated assessment information is needed, DDSN will arrange for testing to take place at a location convenient to the applicant.

III. Criteria for Related Disability

A. Definition and Diagnostic Criteria

S.C. Code Ann. § 44-20-30 and 42 CFR 435.1009 defines eligibility for DDSN services under “Related Disability” as follows:

A severe, chronic condition found to be closely related to intellectual disability or to require treatment similar to that required for persons with intellectual disability and must meet all **four** (4) of the following conditions:

1. It is attributable to cerebral palsy, epilepsy, or any other condition other than mental illness found to be closely related to intellectual disability because this condition results in impairment of general intellectual functioning or adaptive behavior similar to that of persons with intellectual disability and requires treatment or services similar to those required for these persons;
2. The related disability is likely to continue indefinitely;
3. It results in substantial functional limitations in three or more of the following areas of major life activity:
 - self-care,
 - understanding and use of language,

- learning,
- mobility,
- self-direction,
- and capacity for independent living; AND

4. The onset is before age 22 years.

DDSN relies on qualified providers to administer psychological testing to applicants. This includes testing conducted by school psychologists and other professionals who regularly administer psychological tests to persons with disabilities. The tests are then analyzed by the DDSN Consumer Assessment Team to determine if they are reliable and valid, and to determine whether they are consistent and congruent with other psychological tests, school records including academic achievement scores, placement in special education & Individualized Education Plan data, medical reports, psychiatric and mental health records, family history, and other pertinent information. In order to ensure the reliability and validity of the decisions made, DDSN uses standardized measures to determine if criteria for a related disability are met. Specifically, a standardized test of functional abilities that yield a composite score of two standard deviations or more (i.e., Composite < 70) must be met to qualify for eligibility under the Related Disability category. DDSN maintains a list of all approved psychometric tests that will be used to determine if criteria for a related condition are met.

In the event that assessment results are unavailable or updated assessment information is needed, DDSN will arrange for testing to take place at a location convenient to the applicant.

IV. Criteria for High-Risk Infant

A. Definition

S.C. Code Ann. § 44-20-30 defines “high-risk infant” as a child less than 36 months of age whose genetic, medical or environmental history is predictive of a substantially greater risk for a developmental disability than that for the general population.

B. Diagnostic Criteria

Children younger than 36 months of age are served under this category when they exhibit significant documented delays in three or more areas of development or have an approved diagnosis confirmed by a medical professional and exhibit significant documented delays in two areas of development.

This category of eligibility allows DDSN to provide services to infants and young children under 36 months in instances where the future diagnosis is not absolutely clear due to situations (genetic, environmental or medical) present at birth or manifesting themselves thereafter, including accident and injury. In such instances, eligibility may be established in a time-limited fashion until a more

comprehensive and conclusive assessment can be made regarding the presence or absence of a qualifying disability (not to exceed 36 months of age). Infants and young children under 36 months are eligible to receive all DDSN services for which they qualify based on need and resource availability. Once the child turns 36 months of age, he/she must qualify for DDSN eligibility in another category, such as intellectual disability, a related disability, autism, traumatic brain injury or spinal cord injury to continue to receive services from DDSN. The one exception is for those children ages three to six years of age eligible in the at-risk category. These children may continue to receive early intervention services (i.e., family training and service coordination provided by an Early Interventionist) until further notified by the State Director. Any child 36 months of age or older whose eligibility is not updated by DDSN's Consumer Assessment Team by their 37 month of age must have their file closed. The child is no longer eligible to receive any service from DDSN.

V. Criteria for Autism Spectrum Disorder

A. Definition

DDSN uses the American Psychiatric Association's Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders-Fifth Edition (DSM-5) definition of "Autism Spectrum Disorder" (i.e., ASD) which states Autism Spectrum Disorder is "persistent deficits in social communication and social interaction across multiple contexts and restricted, repetitive patterns of behavior, interests, or activities."

B. Diagnostic Criteria

DDSN evaluates referred individuals in accordance with the definition of Autism Spectrum Disorder outlined in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders- Fifth Edition (DSM-5).

- 1) Persistent deficits in social communication and social interaction across multiple contexts, as manifested by the following three (3) criteria, currently or by history:
 - a) deficits in social-emotional reciprocity, ranging, for example, from abnormal social approach and failure of normal back-and-forth conversation; to reduced sharing of interests, emotions, or affect; to failure to initiate or respond to social interactions.
 - b) deficits in nonverbal communicative behaviors used for social interaction, ranging, for example, from poorly integrated verbal and nonverbal communication; to abnormalities in eye contact and body language or deficits in understanding and use of gestures; to a total lack of facial expressions and nonverbal communication.

- c) deficits in developing, maintaining, and understanding relationships, ranging, for example, from difficulties adjusting behavior to suit various social contexts; to difficulties in sharing imaginative play or in making friends; to absence of interest in peers.
- 2) Restricted, repetitive patterns of behavior, interests, or activities, as manifested by at least two of the following, currently or by history:
- a) stereo-typed or repetitive motor movements, use of objects, or speech (e.g., simple motor stereotypies, lining up toys or flipping objects, echolalia, idiosyncratic phrases).
 - b) insistence on sameness, inflexible adherence to routines, or ritualized patterns of verbal or nonverbal behavior (e.g., extreme distress at small changes, difficulties with transitions, rigid thinking patterns, greeting rituals, need to take same route or eat same food every day).
 - c) highly restricted, fixated interests that are abnormal in intensity or focus (e.g., strong attachment to or preoccupation with unusual objects, excessively circumscribed or perseverative interests).
 - d) hyper or hypo-reactivity to sensory input or unusual interest in sensory aspects of the environment (e.g., apparent indifference to pain/temperature, adverse response to specific sounds or textures, excessive smelling or touching of objects, visual fascination with lights or movement).
- 3) Symptoms must be present in the early developmental period (but may not become fully manifest until social demands exceed limited capacities, or may be masked by learned strategies in later life).
- 4) Symptoms cause clinically significant impairment in social, occupational, or other important areas of current functioning.
- 5) These disturbances are not better explained by intellectual disability (intellectual developmental disorder) or global developmental delay. Intellectual disability and autism spectrum disorder frequently co-occur; to make comorbid diagnoses of autism spectrum disorder and intellectual disability, social communication should be below that expected for general developmental level.

VI. Procedures for Screening for Children ages Birth to 3 years old

A. Screening Process

1. Not yet in BabyNet Program
 - a) If the child is under birth to 2 years 11 months old, a referral to the BabyNet Program, administered by First Steps, must occur first.
 - b) If the child is at or over 2 years 11 months of age, screening must occur prior to intake. See Section VII.
2. In BabyNet Program

If the child is already receiving services from an Early Interventionist via the BabyNet Program, and the child is in the Consumer Data Support System (CDSS) as BabyNet only or as High-Risk, the Early Interventionist can skip the screening process and begin the intake process as outlined under VII. (B) 3. Please note that any child who reaches 37 months of age without an eligibility determination by the DDSN Consumer Assessment Team will no longer be eligible for any service and their file must be closed.

VII. Procedures for Screening for ID, RD, Autism Spectrum Disorder and for Persons at or over 2 years 11 Months of Age

A. Screening Process

1. Effective July 1, 2010, the USC School of Medicine – Center for Disability Resources will conduct screening for any person suspected of having intellectual disability, a related disability, Autism Spectrum Disorder or for a child considered At-Risk (children three to six years old). The toll-free number is 1-800-289-7012.
2. Residency: Applicants must meet residency requirements in accordance with state law to be considered for DDSN eligibility.
3. If determined during screening that the individual is not likely to be eligible for services (i.e., they are screened out), the person/legal guardian will be informed of other community resources or providers from whom assistance may be sought. The person/legal guardian may appeal the screening results. If screened in, the screener will refer the applicant to Care Coordination. Additional information, including the DDSN website address, will be mailed to each applicant.

B. Eligibility/Care Coordination Process

1. When screened in, all available information by the USC School of Medicine-Center for Disability Resources will be forwarded to the Care Coordinator within 24 hours or the next business day following screening.
 2. Appropriate information must be entered into CDSS by the Care Coordinator within seven working days of receiving the referral.
 3. The Care Coordinator will begin the process for establishing eligibility. The following steps will be completed during the eligibility/care coordination process as outlined in the Attachment: DDSN Eligibility Determination Process Flow Chart.
- ◆ No individual believed to have intellectual disability, autism spectrum disorder, a related disability or a child believed to be a high-risk infant may be admitted to the services of DDSN until an assessment of the applicant has been completed, approved, and certified by the Department as delineated in S.C. Code Ann. § 44-20-390. An assessment of an applicant must be completed and approved by the DDSN Consumer Assessment Team to determine if an applicant has intellectual disability, autism spectrum disorder or a related disability, or a child believed to be a high-risk infant, or approved in the at-risk category and to be in need of services, before he/she may become eligible and receive any service, including family training.
 - ◆ It is expected that DDSN eligibility decisions will be made within three months of the case open date. This means the Care Coordinator must send the DDSN Consumer Assessment Team a complete packet no later than two and a half (2.5) months of the case open date.

VIII. Criteria for Head and Spinal Cord Injury and Similar Disability

A. Definition

Under S.C. Code Ann. § 44-38-370, which establishes DDSN legislative authority for the Head and Spinal Cord Injury (HASCI) Division, a person is eligible for case management services under this article when at the time of determining eligibility the person has a severe chronic limitation that:

1. is attributed to a physical impairment, including head injury, spinal cord injury or both, or a similar disability, regardless of the age of onset but not associated with the process of a progressive degenerative illness or disease, dementia, or a neurological disorder related to aging;
2. is likely to continue indefinitely without intervention;

3. results in substantial functional limitation in at least two of these life activities:
 - a) self-care;
 - b) receptive and expressive communication;
 - c) learning;
 - d) mobility;
 - e) self-direction;
 - f) capacity for independent living;
 - g) economic self-sufficiency; and
4. reflects the person's need for a combination and sequence of special interdisciplinary or generic care or treatment or other services, which are of lifelong or extended duration and are individually planned and coordinated.

B. Diagnostic Criteria

S.C. Code Ann. § 44-38-20, which relates to the South Carolina Head and Spinal Cord Information System, defines head injury and spinal cord injury:

“Head injury” means an insult to the skull or brain, not of a degenerative or congenital nature, but one caused by an external physical force that may produce a diminished or altered state of consciousness, which results in impairment of cognitive abilities or physical functioning and possibly in behavioral or emotional functioning. It does not include cerebral vascular accidents or aneurysms.

“Spinal cord injury” means an acute traumatic lesion of neural elements in the spinal canal resulting in any degree of sensory deficit, motor deficit, or major life functions. The deficit or dysfunction may be temporary or permanent.

“Similar disability” is not specifically defined within South Carolina Codes of Law; however, S.C. Code Ann. § 44-38-370 states that similar disability is “not associated with the process of a progressive degenerative illness or dementia, or a neurological disorder related to aging.”

There must be medical documentation and functional/adaptive assessments to substantiate that traumatic brain injury, spinal cord injury or similar disability occurred and produced ongoing substantial functional limitations. There must be documentation of pre-existing/concurrent conditions, which impact functioning.

C. Procedures for Eligibility Determination

If an individual or a family member has severe impairment(s) believed to be a result of traumatic brain injury, spinal cord injury, or both, or a similar disability:

1. All children under six (6) years old at the time of referral will go through screening and eligibility determination under the ID/RD Division to be considered for the Related Disability category or for the High-Risk Infant or At-Risk Child category in order to receive Case Management services.

Upon reaching age six (6) years, children in the High-Risk Infant or At-Risk Child Category must qualify for eligibility in another category, such as Related Disability, Traumatic Brain Injury, Spinal Cord Injury, or Similar Disability to continue to receive services from DDSN. Children with Spinal Cord Injury are not eligible under the Related Disability category.

2. All children ages six to 16 years at time of referral who sustained brain injury during infancy or childhood will go through screening and eligibility determination under the ID/RD Division to be considered first for the Related Disability category.

If determined ineligible for the Related Disability category, the DDSN Consumer Assessment Team may consider eligibility for the HASCI Division under the Traumatic Brain Injury or Similar Disability category.

3. For children ages six to 16 years with spinal cord injury and all applicants 17 years or older at time of referral, contact HASCI Division Information and Referral (I&R) toll free at 1-866-867-3864 to be screened for referral to the HASCI Division.

It may be determined during screening that an applicant 17 years or older at time of referral who sustained brain injury during infancy or childhood is more appropriate to go through screening and eligibility determination under the ID/RD Division to be considered first for the Related Disability category. If determined ineligible for the Related Disability category, the DDSN Consumer Assessment Team may consider eligibility for the HASCI Division under the Traumatic Brain Injury or Similar Disability category.

4. If screened as appropriate for formal consideration of HASCI Division eligibility, referral will be made to the Care Coordinator.
5. The applicant will be contacted by the chosen Care Coordinator to begin formal eligibility determination procedures.

IX. APPEAL PROCEDURES FOR APPLICANTS SEEKING ELIGIBILITY FOR DDSN SERVICES

Because of the clinical nature of decisions made regarding eligibility for DDSN services, separate appeal procedures have been established for applicants.

Written notice of an eligibility decision will be provided to the applicant by the Care Coordinator within five (5) working days of the provider's receipt of an eligibility decision. This notice will outline the basic reasons why the applicant did not meet eligibility criteria and will include information on the applicant's right to appeal an eligibility denial and the procedures for appeal. Upon request of the applicant, the Care Coordinator must read or explain the eligibility decision and appeal procedures to the applicant if eligibility is denied.

When an appeal is desired by the applicant, a signed and dated formal written appeal of an eligibility denial must be made within 30 calendar days of the eligibility decision. The appeal must be made by the applicant, his/her guardian, or any other person/entity advocating on behalf of the applicant, with the applicant's approval and must state the reason for believing that the denial of eligibility was in error. This written appeal must be given to the Care Coordinator. If an oral request for appeal is made by the applicant to the Care Coordinator and the applicant requires assistance, the Care Coordinator must assist the applicant in writing the appeal.

The applicant's record on CDSS will remain open until the time to request an appeal is over or until all appeals are completed.

The formal written appeal of a determination of ineligibility will be forwarded by the Care Coordinator to the Director of the DDSN Consumer Assessment Team within five (5) workdays of receipt from the applicant. All pertinent documents upon which the eligibility denial was based will be reviewed. If new or additional information is provided which was not part of the original eligibility determination documents, the appeal will be considered a re-evaluation. Should new testing or assessment be indicated such testing or assessment will be conducted by persons not conducting the previous testing or assessment. A subsequent eligibility decision will be rendered by the DDSN Consumer Assessment Team within 30 days of receipt of the appeal or receipt of new testing/assessment results, whichever is later, and communicated to the applicant via the Care Coordinator.

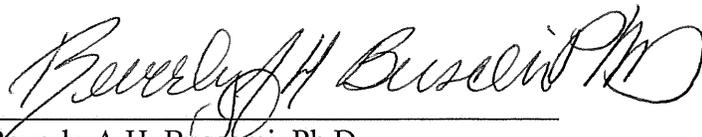
If no new or additional information is provided, or in the case of re-evaluation, a subsequent determination of ineligibility is challenged, the appeal will be forwarded to the Associate State Director for Policy, who will review the decision with input from the DDSN Consumer Assessment Team and appropriate Division Directors. The Associate State Director for Policy will review the case with the State Director, who has final authority over applicant eligibility in accordance with S.C. Code Ann. § 44-20-430 (Supp. 2013). A written decision will be rendered within 30 days of receipt of appeal by the DDSN Consumer Assessment Team and communicated to the applicant in writing.

State law requires that applicants be residents of South Carolina [S.C. Code Ann. § 44-20-390 (D) (Supp. 2013)]. During the review for eligibility determination by the DDSN Consumer

Assessment Team, the applicant's residency will also be reviewed for compliance with state law. An adverse decision concerning residency will result in a denial of eligibility. This adverse residency decision may be re-evaluated by DDSN according to the previously stated appeal procedures and additional information may be submitted. If no new or additional information is provided, the appeal of the residency status will be forwarded to the Associate State Director for Policy in accordance with the previously stated provisions.



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Associate State Director-Policy
(Originator)



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(Approved)

To access the following attachments, please see the agency website page "Attachments to Directives" under this directive number.

Attachment: DDSN Eligibility Determination Process Flow Chart